



## **Supervised Work Experience**

# **Applicant Guide**

Meeting the Supervised Work Experience Requirement for Interior Designers in Ontario

The purpose of this guide is to assist Applicants to understand the Interior Design Experience Requirement (IDER) and to prepare Applicants for reporting their Supervised Work Experience.

It accompanies a **Supervisor Guide** and a **Self-Report Form** which enable ongoing tracking and reporting of mandatory tasks that have been satisfactorily completed in order to meet the minimum Supervisory Work Experience requirement for Interior Designers in Ontario.

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## The Interior Design Profession in Ontario

ARIDO is the self-regulatory body for the Interior Design profession in Ontario and has a mandate focused on betterment of the profession and protection of the public. Legislation grants its Registered Members the right to exclusive use of the title "Interior Designer" in Ontario.

ARIDO is accountable for determining if individuals have met the qualifications, or the three E's, to become a Registered Member:

- Education
- Experience
- Examination

### The Path for Students and Interns to Registered Membership with ARIDO

- Education provides the foundation of what you need to know in order to enter the Interior Design profession and begin working as an Intern
- Experience provides practice performing tasks that you need to be able to do while working under a qualified Supervisor as you progress on the path from Intern to Registered Member
- Meeting the Examination requirement is the final step to confirm what you need to know and be able to do in order to be able to work without supervision and become a **Registered Member**

### The Purpose of the Applicant Guide

The purpose of this guide is to assist Applicants, and their Supervisors or Mentors, in understanding what's involved at this stage of the registration path; and to also prepare Applicants for completing a self-report that will meet the Supervised Work Experience requirement.

There is also a separate Guide available for Supervisors.

How to become an ARIDO Registered Member

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Graduate from a CIDA-accredited Interior Design program

or

Pass ARIDO's Intern Competencies Review System

+

Complete the IDER Self-Report of Supervised Work Experience

+

Pass all 3 NCIDQ Examinations

## Who is involved?

The following three (3) roles are involved in the review of Supervised Work Experience:

• Applicant – an individual who has completed the Education requirement and is working, or has worked, under a qualified Supervisor in order to gain practical experience while developing the ability to perform the competencies.

Note: After students have completed their co-op placement requirements, they may begin to report work experience for IDER.

- Supervisor (or Mentor) an individual qualified to review and confirm that the Applicant has satisfactorily performed tasks, who is either:
  - a Registered Member of ARIDO

(or another jurisdictional authority for Interior Design)

- or
- an Ontario Architect, OAA Member

(or another jurisdictional authority for Architecture)

Notes: A Supervisor is an individual within the firm in which the Applicant is/was employed and who directly supervises/ supervised the daily work of the Applicant.

A Mentor is an individual who voluntarily meets/met with the Applicant on a regular basis to help guide the career and practice in the field of Interior Design and who does/did not oversee the daily work of the Applicant.

 ARIDO – staff monitor and review applications to confirm the Supervised Work Experience requirement has been met

Applicants are responsible for tracking the completion of mandatory tasks, using the self-report form provided by ARIDO, and should work closely with Supervisors to determine how best to complete all mandatory tasks.

During the Supervised Work Experience period, an Applicant may have/had experience confirmed by more than one Supervisor or Mentor. All individuals acting as a Supervisor or Mentor must complete a Supervisor Attestation Form.

### Responsibilities

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### Applicant:

- Engage qualified
   Supervisors / Mentors
- Develop and follow a meeting schedule with Supervisor / Mentor (at least quarterly) to discuss progress
- Track completion of tasks and make relevant notes for discussions with Supervisor / Mentor
- Submit the Self-Report Form and attestations when all mandatory tasks have been satisfactorily completed

### Supervisor / Mentor:

- Be familiar with the list of mandatory tasks and confirm tasks are within your scope of expertise/ practice
- Provide relevant opportunities for the Applicant to perform tasks
- Monitor and observe tasks being performed
- Meet with Applicant on an agreed schedule (at least quarterly) to review progress and provide feedback
- Confirm that the Applicant has satisfactorily completed mandatory tasks:

### **The Process**

- 1. Applicants perform all mandatory tasks for each Design Phase
- 2. Applicants make relevant notes on work activities/products for tasks they have performed in the self-report form
- 3. Supervisors or Mentors monitor and observe the Applicants' performance on the mandatory tasks
- Periodically, Applicants meet or have met to discuss their performance with Supervisors for confirmation of mandatory tasks that have been satisfactorily completed up to that time
- 5. Supervisors or Mentors rely on the work activities/ products gathered by Applicants, along with their own monitoring, observations, and discussions with Applicants, to decide whether tasks have been satisfactorily completed
- 6. The Applicant and Supervisor/Mentor continue meeting until all mandatory tasks have been reviewed and confirmed, by Supervisors or Mentors, to have been satisfactorily completed

Once all mandatory tasks have been satisfactorily completed, as confirmed by Supervisors or Mentors, Applicants will be able to submit a Self-Report Form to ARIDO in application to meet the minimum Supervised Work Experience requirement for Interior Designers in Ontario.

#### **Work Activities & Products**

Applicants are responsible for making relevant notes about the work activities/ products that they have performed in order to complete tasks.

Work Activities: a situation in which things are happening or being done to complete work

Work Products: materials or documents produced while working

## **The Applicant Self-Report Form**

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ARIDO provides a Self-Report Form that enables easy ongoing tracking and reporting of Supervised Work Experience so that, when all mandatory tasks have been confirmed by Supervisors or Mentors as having been satisfactorily completed, the Applicant will be able to submit the form to ARIDO to meet the Supervised Work Experience requirement.

The Self-Report Form includes both Mandatory and Non-mandatory tasks, organized by Design Phases:

• Pre-design

- Contract Documents
- Programming
- Schematic Design
- Design Development
- Contract Administration

**Bidding / Tendering** 

Project Conclusion

## **Eligible Experience**

Relevant work experience can be from Canada or abroad and must meet the following criteria:

The work experience must be carried out under the guidance of a qualified Supervisor or Mentor who is either:

- a Registered Member of ARIDO (or another relevant Regulatory Body for interior design) or
- a Licensed Architect

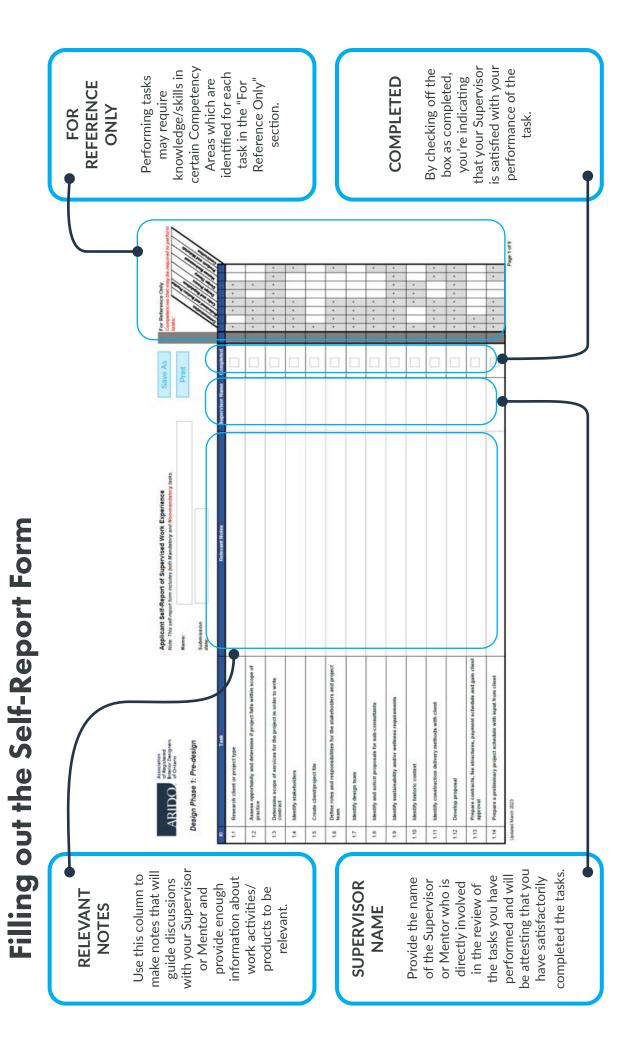
The work experience must be acquired after:

• completing the required Interior Design Education.

Note: After students have completed their co-op placement requirements, they may begin to report work experience for IDER.

A task is considered satisfactorily completed if the following two criteria are met:

- Performed the task under supervision in a range of settings and for a number of times; the range and number are to be determined by your Supervisor or Mentor.
- Your Supervisor or Mentor has confirmed that the task has been completed as assigned and meets the performance standards determined by your Supervisor or Mentor.



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## How tasks prepare you for practice

- Tasks performed while working as a Student or Intern mirror the scope of work for Interior Designers in Ontario.
- Tasks performed while working as a Student or Intern may require knowledge or skills in certain competency areas including the 8 competency areas of the Education requirement (see page 10):

-	Communication	- Design Theory
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- Professional and Business Practice

- Human Environment

- Codes and Regulations

- Products and Materials

- Design Process

- Construction
- While working, Applicants apply their knowledge/skills to performing all the tasks embedded in the Design Phases under supervision.
- Practice performing tasks under supervision provides Applicants with experience in performing the tasks and technical training.
- Experience gained from performing the tasks under supervision instills in Applicants the ability to perform competently without supervision.
- The Experience requirement identifies the required experience and consequently the necessary level of ability to perform tasks
- Meeting the standard for the Experience requirement ensures Applicants have enough experience to move along the career path and take the Examinations.

### Mandatory tasks:

Tasks that must be completed to the satisfaction of the Supervisor or Mentor in order to meet the minimum Supervised Work Experience requirement.

### Non-mandatory tasks:

Tasks that may or may not be assigned during supervised work experience but that are not required to have been satisfactorily completed in order to meet the minimum Supervised Work Experience requirement.

# Competency area definitions and explanations for the Supervised Work Experience requirement

Competency Area	Definition	Explanation
Communication	Ability to understand, define, and exchange information using a combination of visual, written, and verbal design methods, techniques and tools	Gather client information visually, verbally and/or in writing. Manage information effectively, for a range of purposes and audiences, to reach agreement and present a design solution.
Professional and Business Practice	Ability to understand, communicate, and demonstrate fair business practices while acting fairly.	Behave with integrity. Act in the best interest of the client and the profession by using sound judgement and accountability in applying fair business practices.
Codes and Regulations	Ability to comply with laws and standards that protect the health, safety, and welfare of building occupants.	Research and apply relevant local codes, environmental requirements, laws, standards, and regulations.
Design Process	Ability to analyze and synthesize programmatic information to develop suitable design solutions.	Create, integrate and prepare designs and specifications for implementation of the design solution.
Design Theory	Ability to apply an understanding of design history, precedent, and research.	Apply the principles and elements of design, design theories, and historical precedents to a design solution.
Human Environment	Ability to apply the psychology of human behaviour and experience within the design solution.	Apply principles of comfort and well- being of occupants that supports the relationships between human needs, function, and the built environment.
Products and Materials	Ability to specify appropriate products and materials to meet the performance requirements of the design solution.	Apply knowledge of the various properties and qualities of products and materials to form part of the design solution.
Construction	Ability to apply knowledge of construction and building systems to administer the design solution.	Apply knowledge of the interrelationship of building systems within interior construction. Utilize contract documents to coordinate and convey design for budget, permit, and construction & administration to clients and other professionals.

## Glossary

addenda	written or graphic instruments issued prior to the execution of the contract which modify or interpret the bidding documents, including drawings, and specifications by additions, deletions, clarifications or corrections. addenda become part of the contract documents when the construction contract is executed order changes - corrections or changes made to contract documents and written by the person or firm responsible for the original set of contract documents.
bid documents and package of specifications	includes the invitation to bid, instructions to bidders, general conditions, and cut sheets.
bid submissions	the presentation of all the required documents and information requested by the bid submission deadline for review by the project owner.
bidding / tendering	the phase of a design project in which one assists the client in hiring a contractor; answering contractor questions and providing any additional documentation if requested or needed by the contractor <sup>.</sup>
building systems	the critical systems of a facility, such as the Electrical, HVAC, Security, Life Safety, Lighting, Utilities, Telecom, and Energy Management; these systems are rarely independent and depend on each other to operate.
Certificates of Payment	a form telling the client that the supplier has completed parts of, or most of, the work and that the supplier has sent an invoice for that work; the certificate recommends that the client pay the supplier's invoice
client / project file	file folders or notebooks in which the designer keeps all the pertinent data and paperwork related to a project in progress
close-out documentation	project close-out - the point at which a project has reached the time for final inspection and necessary documents are provided to the client to bring the project to completion includes record drawings
code	building codes - regulations that primarily concern structural and mechanical features of buildings.
code compliance	the planning and design of an interior environment that abides by all applicable codes as they have been adopted by the local jurisdiction for safeguarding the public health, safety and welfare of occupants in the built environment.
contract administration	the phase of a design project in which the competitive bid process is completed, the project actually constructed, orders for goods are issued, and the goods ordered are placed or installed.
contract documents	all the drawings and specifications that together describe what is required for a project, along with contracts or agreements between the project owner and the designer and other stakeholders

cost estimate	a calculation of all the probable costs involved in successfully completing a project, from inception to completion while an Applicant may not be directly responsible for preparing the estimate, they may be involved in co-ordinating it.
deficiency list	a document prepared near the end of a project that lists work that does not conform to the design specifications and that the contractor must complete prior to final payment; it may include incomplete or incorrect installations or incidental damage to existing finishes, material, and structures.
design analysis	a review of the actual design with the client undertaken to determine the client's satisfaction and the firm's satisfaction with the client.
design concept	a visual plan of a space as represented by plans, elevations, renderings, and other drawings <sup>.</sup>
design development	the phase in a design project in which final design decisions are made regarding plans, specifications, and preparation of final presentation documents
elevations	a line drawing in 2D that details one wall, or one view of your space, drawn to scale; as fixtures and fittings are selected they are added into the elevation drawings.
fee structures	a list highlighting the rates on various services or activities.
FF & E	abbreviation for furniture, fixtures, and equipment.
FF&E plan	layout plan - a plan indicating the locations of furniture, fitments, and equipment
floor plan	a 2D drawing that helps you to understand how your space will function; it is a horizontal section viewed from the top and drawn to scale; it details walls, windows, door swings, furniture placement, plumbing fixtures, etc.
functional program document	<ul> <li>a document that lists the project parameters, provides a design footprint, and includes the business objectives, design intent, functional requirements; sometimes referred to as a programming document includes the following steps: <ul> <li>analyzing data collected</li> <li>incorporating research findings</li> <li>develop spatial relationship diagram</li> <li>develop preliminary study/test fit</li> <li>synthesize into formalized program document</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

historical precedent to inform design solutions - history; interiors, architecture, art and the decorative arts within a historical and cultural context; movements and periods in interior design and furniture; movements and traditions in architecture; social, political, and physical influences affecting historical changes in design of the built environment; stylistic movements and periods of art.
the typical plans, elevations, and details required for building a structure or an interior <sup>2</sup> includes: cover sheet, detail page, general notes and specifications, material schedules, detailed space plans, local codes, egress plan, lighting plan, as-built plan, demolition plan, construction plan, dimension floor plan, reflected ceiling, power communication,
furniture, finish, elevations, details and schedules. an internal review of the processes by which a plan is delivered to produce outputs and can include a review of profitability.
an analysis occurring during the project closure process to identify what was learned during the project by uncovering what stakeholders believe was done well. what did we learn? and what could have been done better?, typically accomplished through a "lessons learned" meeting.
the total cost of acquiring, owning, and disposing of an asset.
change order - written permission or instructions concerning any aspect of a project that modify design concepts, construction designs, or product specifications. includes requests for change, review price request for change order, prepare change directive, change order for client review, submit change order requests to client.
move management - a process to help a client get ready to move and effect the actual move from one location to another.
power, data & communications plan - a plan indicating locations of electrical and communications supplies.
preliminary research of client and user needs and goals, project scope and schedule, and interior concept development; zoning and site analyses; selection of project team.
a part of cost estimating, based on the materials and design ideas proposed during the concept presentation, that assists the client with preliminary budgeting, e.g., the preparation of square foot pricing.
see "reflected ceiling plan"

preliminary drawings	the initial set of sketches, drawings and plans used to convey concepts, designs, and ideas between clients, design professionals, and project stakeholders in order to help visualize ideas among the different parties.
programming	information-gathering portion of an interior design project
project conclusion	the phase of a design project in which one conducts a final walk through of the project and determines any additional items needing attention.
project management	a process of organizing and controlling an interior design project from beginning to end so as to satisfactorily solve a client's problems and provide a reasonable profit to the design firm.
project schedule	a timetable that is used to coordinate the activities required by all participants to complete a given design project on time.
project type	typical projects that fall under the scope of services for interior design, includes: corporate, health-care, hospitality, retail, institutional, residential.
proposal	an overview or other response to a request for proposal (RFP) from a client.
redline interior construction drawings	notes or corrections made in red pencil or other medium that call attention to problems or errors on drawings that a jurisdiction checks before issuing a building permit.
reflected ceiling plan (rcp)	a plan of a ceiling viewed from above so that it is oriented as the floor plan <sup>1</sup> a drawing which shows the items that are located on the ceiling of a room or space, displays a view of the ceiling as if it was reflected onto a mirror on the floor; an RCP is in the same orientation as the floor plan associated with it.
schematic development	the phase of the design project in which preliminary design decisions are made and documents are prepared.
schematic drawings	rough drawings of a site plan, floor plans, elevations and often illustrative sketches or computer renderings.

scope of practice	<ul> <li>the scope of practice of interior design in Ontario can be defined as the preparation or provision of a design for interior space for a building, including finishes, fixed or loose furnishings, equipment, fixtures and partitioning of space, and related exterior elements, such as signs, finishes and glazed openings used for display purposes, that does not affect or is not likely to affect:</li> <li>(a) the structural integrity,</li> <li>(b) a fire safety system or fire separation,</li> <li>(c) a main entrance or public corridor on a floor,</li> <li>(d) an exit to a public thoroughfare or to the exterior,</li> <li>(e) the construction or location of an exterior wall, or</li> <li>(f) the usable floor space through the addition of a mezzanine, infill or other similar element, of the building.</li> </ul>
scope of services	a detailed list of the tasks that must be accomplished to compete a design project; it is used to estimate the time involved and the design fees, regardless of fee method utilized.
sections	technical drawings through a vertical slice of a space; different from the elevations as it shows two or more adjacent rooms allowing to see the thickness of the walls
	sections are used to describe the relationship between different levels of a building
space plan	design of an interior space which divides it into rooms or areas Includes: block planning, soft-line drawing, prelims
spatial relationship diagram	illustrations of the key spaces within a design, including: adjacency diagrams, bubble diagrams, block diagrams, which guide space configuration and where priority is given to functions with the strongest relationships.
specification document	the written instructions to contractors and vendors concerning the materials and methods of construction or the interior products that are to be bid on a project.
specifications	definition and identification of standards to which materials must comply, materials themselves and their adjuncts, and methods of fabrication.
stakeholders	all the parties to a project who have a vested interest in the completion of the project, such as the client, interior designer, architect, and vendors.
sub-consultants	subcontractor - an individual or company that is licensed to contract and perform specialized work on interiors or construction project. persons with related design disciplines (e.g., architects, engineers, landscape architects, and graphic designers) as well as experts from supporting disciplines (e.g., acoustics, technology, security, ergonomics, branding, and food service) who may be part of a multi-disciplinary design team or hired for specific tasks.

sustainable	design that seeks to minimize the negative environmental impact of the interior environment through efficiency and moderation in the use of materials, energy, and reuse of space
visioning session	an interactive meeting that brings stakeholders together to help define the goals and priorities for the project through a variety of activities that kick off the design process.
wayfinding	the design strategy used to influence building occupants to navigate in unfamiliar surroundings and many include signage (i.e., wall or ceiling mounted plaques or banners that include directional instructions and names/numbers that identify a space or direction), landmarks, or use of interior elements (i.e., space, light, and color) to guide them.
wellness	welfare / well-being - interior designers create interior environments that support people's physical, psychological, social, and spiritual well-being; and assist with or contribute to their financial or economic management, success, and responsibility.